

IN THE CLAIMS

Please **amend** claims 1-5 and 8-10 as shown in the Summary of the Claims section, *infra*.

Added matter is underlined and deleted matter is struckthrough. No new matter has been added.

STATUS OF THE CLAIMS

Claim 1 (currently amended): An image processing device comprising:

display means having predetermined gradation characteristics;  
image input means for inputting an image composed of a plurality of pixels;  
contrast estimation means for estimating contrast of the image; and  
luminance correction means for correcting luminance of each of the plurality of pixels constituting the image based on estimated contrast and the gradation characteristics,  
wherein the display means displays the image in which the luminance of each of the pixels has been corrected by the luminance correction means.

Claim 2 (currently amended): An image processing device comprising:

display means having predetermined gradation characteristics;  
image input means for inputting an image composed of a plurality of pixels;  
character region extracting means for extracting a character region in which characters are drawn, from the image;  
sharpening means for carrying out sharpening for remaining regions other than the character region in the image at a predetermined sharpening level and for carrying out sharpening for the character region at a sharpening level higher than the level of the sharpening performed for the remaining regions; and  
luminance correction means for correcting luminance of each of the plurality of pixels constituting the character region and the remaining regions subjected to the sharpening based on the gradation characteristics of the display means,  
wherein the display means displays the image in which the luminance of each of the pixels has been corrected by the luminance correction means.

Claim 3 (currently amended): The image processing device of claim 2,

wherein the sharpening means independently obtains the luminance  $g(x, y)$  of each of the sharpened pixels by substituting the luminance  $f(x, y)$  of each of the plurality of pixels constituting the image and the coefficient  $h(x, y)$  of the sharpening level of each of the pixels into the following expression:

$$g(x, y) = f(x, y) - h(x, y) \times \nabla^2 f(x, y)$$

and

the coefficient  $h(x, y)$  of the sharpening level of each of the pixels is a predetermined first constant  $\alpha_i$  in the case where each of the pixels is in the remaining regions, and the coefficient is a second constant  $\alpha_c$  larger than the first constant  $\alpha_i$  in the case where each of the pixels is in the character regions.

Claim 4 (currently amended). The image processing device of claim 2,

wherein the character region extracting means converts the luminance of each of the plurality of pixels constituting the image into binary form, obtains one or more blocks of connected pixels composed of a plurality of pixels having mutually equal binary-coded luminance, obtains the circumscribed rectangles circumscribing the blocks of connected pixels, and integrates the circumscribed rectangles overlapping with one another at least at portions into a single circumscribed rectangle, and

from among regions of the circumscribed rectangles used as contours in the image, the character region extracting means extracts a region in which the difference between the maximum value and minimum value of luminance of the plurality of pixels in the respective regions is not less than a reference difference value, as a character region.

Claim 5 (currently amended). The image processing device of claim 2,

wherein the character region extracting means converts the luminance of each of the plurality of pixels constituting the image into binary form, obtains one or more blocks of connected pixels composed of a plurality of pixels having mutually equal binary-coded luminance, obtains the circumscribed rectangles circumscribing the blocks of connected pixels, and integrates the circumscribed rectangles overlapping with one another at least at portions into a single circumscribed rectangle, and

from among regions in the image with the circumscribed rectangles used as contours, the character region extracting means extracts regions arranged in nearly parallel with a predetermined reference axis line as character regions.

Claim 6 (original). An image processing device of claim 2, further comprising:  
contrast estimation means for estimating contrast of the image, and  
contrast correction means for raising the contrast of the image on the basis of  
estimated contrast.

Claim 7 (canceled).

Claim 8 (currently amended). The image processing device of claim 2, wherein, in the case  
where the luminance of each of the plurality of pixels is represented by the sum of  
predetermined three color components, the character region extracting means extracts  
character regions on the basis of the sum of the three color components, the sharpening  
means individually sharpens the three color components, and the luminance correction means  
individually corrects the three color components.

Claim 9 (currently amended). An image processing method comprising the steps of:  
inputting an image composed of a plurality of pixels;  
estimating contrast of the image;  
correcting luminance of each of the plurality of pixels constituting the image on the  
basis of estimated contrast and gradation characteristics of display means for displaying the  
image; and  
displaying the image, in which the luminance of each of the plurality of pixels has  
been corrected, on the display means.

Claim 10 (currently amended). An image processing method comprising the steps of:  
inputting an image composed of a plurality of pixels;  
extracting character regions with drawn characters in the image;  
sharpening remaining regions other than the character regions in the image at a  
predetermined sharpening level and sharpening the character regions in the image at a  
sharpening level higher than the level of the sharpening performed for the remaining regions;  
correcting the luminance of each of the plurality of pixels constituting the character  
regions and the remaining regions subjected to the sharpening on the basis of the gradation  
characteristics of display means for displaying the image; and

displaying the image, in which the luminance of each of the plurality of pixels has been corrected, on the display means.

Claim 11 (previously presented). The image processing device of claim 1,

wherein the contrast estimate means estimates contrast ( $L_v$ ,  $H_v$ ) as contrast of the input image, which is defined by a combination of luminance  $L_v$  corresponding to a color of lines and dots generated in the input image and luminance  $H_v$  corresponding to a color of a background of the input image, and

the luminance correction means raises the contrast ( $L_v$ ,  $H_v$ ) of the input image to a maximum of contrast ( $V_{min}$ ,  $V_{max}$ ) which is defined by a combination of lower limit of luminance  $V_{min}$  and upper limit of luminance  $V_{max}$  of possible luminances, so that a lower luminance and higher luminance of luminances  $L_v$ ,  $H_v$  which define the contrast of the input image are converted to the lower limit of luminance  $V_{min}$  and upper limit of luminance  $V_{max}$ .

Claim 12 (previously presented). The image processing method of claim 9,

wherein the estimated contrast ( $L_v$ ,  $H_v$ ) is defined by a combination of luminance  $L_v$  corresponding to a color of lines and dots generated in the input image and luminance  $H_v$  corresponding to a color of a background of the input image, and

wherein the contrast ( $L_v$ ,  $H_v$ ) of the input image is raised to a maximum of contrast ( $V_{min}$ ,  $V_{max}$ ) which is defined by a combination of lower limit of luminance  $V_{min}$  and upper limit of luminance  $V_{max}$  of possible luminances, so that a lower luminance and higher luminance of luminances  $L_v$ ,  $H_v$  which define the contrast of the input image are converted to the lower limit of luminance  $V_{min}$  and upper limit of luminance  $V_{max}$ .

Claim 13 (previously presented). An image processing device of claim 6,

wherein the contrast estimation means generates a histogram of luminance of pixels constituting the image, and

the histogram provides a first luminance value corresponding to a maximum value of frequency in the histogram in a first range which ranges from a predetermined reference luminance to a maximum of luminance which can be taken by the pixels,

the histogram provides a maximum value of frequency in the histogram in a second range of values which is not less than a minimum of luminance which can be taken by the pixels and less than the reference luminance, and

if the maximum value of the frequency in histogram in the second range is not less than a predetermined reference value, then the contrast estimation means estimates the contrast of the image on the basis of the first luminance value and the luminance value corresponding the maximum value of the frequency in the histogram in the second range, and

if the maximum value of the frequency in the histogram in the second range is less than the reference value, the contrast estimation means estimates the contrast of the image on the basis of the first luminance value and the lowest luminance value among the luminance values of all the pixels constituting the image.